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Basis for Conclusions on IAS 20 Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance

This Basis for Conclusions accompanies, but is not part of, IAS 20.

- BC1 This Basis for Conclusions summarises the International Accounting Standards Board's considerations in amending IAS 20 Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance as part of the Improvements to IFRSs issued in May 2008.
- BC2 IAS 20 was developed by the International Accounting Standards Committee in 1983 and did not include a Basis for Conclusion. This Basis refers to the insertion of paragraphs 10A and 43 and the deletion of paragraph 37. Those changes require government loans with below-market rates of interest to be recognised and measured in accordance with IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* and the benefit of the reduced interest to be accounted for using IAS 20.

Accounting for loans from government with a belowmarket rate of interest

- BC3 The Board identified an apparent inconsistency between the guidance in IAS 20 and IAS 39. It related to the accounting for loans with a below-market rate of interest received from a government. IAS 20 stated that no interest should be imputed for such a loan, whereas IAS 39 required all loans to be recognised at fair value, thus requiring interest to be imputed to loans with a below-market rate of interest.
- BC4 The Board decided to remove this inconsistency. It believed that the imputation of interest provides more relevant information to a user of the financial statements. Accordingly, the Board amended IAS 20 to require that loans received from a government that have a below-market rate of interest should be recognised and measured in accordance with IAS 39. The benefit of the government loan is measured at the inception of the loan as the difference between the cash received and the amount at which the loan is initially recognised in the statement of financial position. This benefit is accounted for in accordance with IAS 20.
- BC5 Noting that applying IAS 39 to loans retrospectively may require entities to measure the fair value of loans at a past date, the Board decided that the amendment should be applied prospectively to new loans.