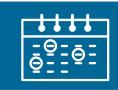


#### NZ IFRS 18 overview



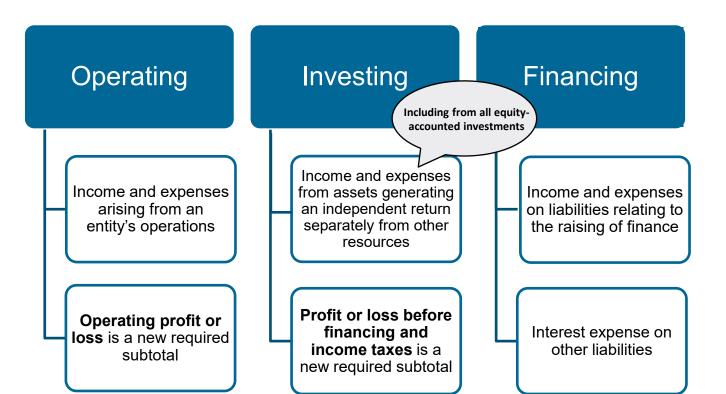
- Replaces NZ IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements when applied
- Impacts all for-profit reporting entities in New Zealand
- Introduces new requirements relating to the following:
  - Categories and new defined subtotals
  - Management-defined performance measures (MPMs)
  - Enhanced guidance on the grouping of information (aggregation and disaggregation)



**Mandatory date: 1 January 2027** 



#### Categories and new defined subtotals



If the entity
invests in
assets or
provides
financing to
customers, as a
main business
activity, then the
classifications will
be different.

#### Categories and new defined subtotals

Category labels are **not** required in the statement of profit or loss

Additional subtotals and fewer/different line items may be presented



The statement of profit or loss will look different if the entity has a specified main business activity



## What is a management-defined performance measure (MPM)?



### Subtotal of income and expense

- Adjusted operating profit or normalised EBITDA
- Non-financial performance measures
- Measures such as free cash flow and adjusted revenue (not a subtotal of income and expense)
- NZ IFRS-specified subtotals of income and expense (e.g. operating profit)

## In public communications outside financial statements

- Includes management commentary, investor presentations and press releases
- Does not include oral communications and social media posts

# Communicates management's view of an aspect of financial performance as a whole

 Rebuttable presumption that if the other two criteria are met, then the measure communicates management's view



#### **MPM** disclosures

A reconciliation between the MPM and the most directly comparable subtotal in NZ IFRS

A description of how the MPM communicates management's view and how each MPM is calculated.

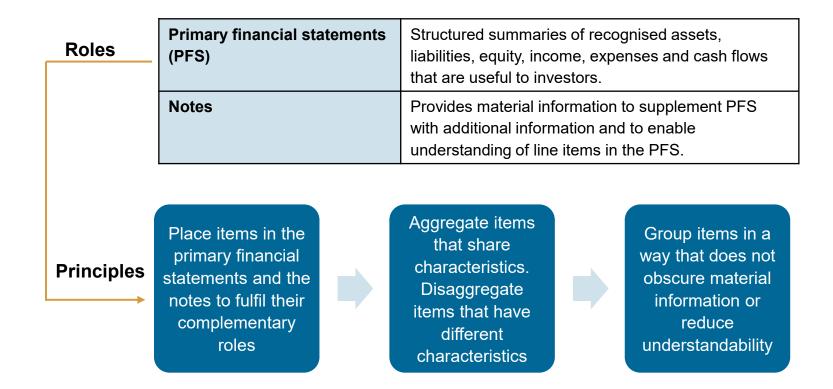
An explanation of any changes in the company's MPMs or in how it calculates its MPMs.

A statement that the MPM reflects management's view and is not necessarily comparable to measures sharing similar labels or descriptions provided by other companies.

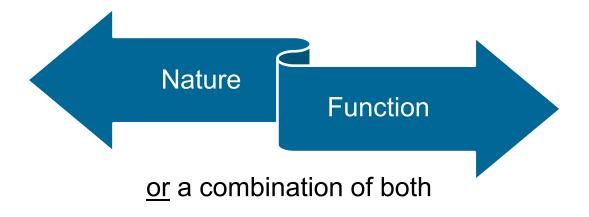
Will be subject to audit



#### **Grouping of information**



#### **Presentation of operating expenses**



Disclose in a single note, the amount of depreciation, amortisation, employee benefits, impairment losses (and reversals) and write-downs of inventories (and reversals) included in each line item in the operating category.



#### **Changes to other NZ IFRSs**

NZ IAS 7
Statement of
Cash Flows

- Use **operating profit** as the starting point for reporting cash flows from operating activities using the indirect method.
- Presentation alternatives for interest and dividend cash flows have been removed for most entities.

NZ IAS 33 Earnings per Share  Amendments to NZ IAS 33 require the numerator in additional per share measures to be either a total or subtotal identified in NZ IFRS 18 or an MPM.

NZ IAS 34
Interim Financial
Reporting

- Disclosure of MPMs in interim financial statements is required.
- Some of the other changes in full financial statements also apply to condensed financial statements (e.g. subtotals)

#### No changes to other requirements

NZ IAS 8 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements will include many existing NZ IAS 1 requirements



#### **Mandatory date**

- Mandatory for all for-profit entities for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027
- Early application is permitted



- Restate amounts in the comparative period and reconcile restated amounts to previously presented NZ IAS 1 amounts
- Earlier preparation may be needed to restate the comparative period from 1 January 2026



For more educational content, please visit our dedicated NZ IFRS 18 webpage

Subscribe to our monthly NZ IFRS 18 alerts <a href="here">here</a>

